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MOTOR CONTROL USING GSM AND WIFI TECHNOLOGY

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Abstract: - In modern world, wireless technologies such as GSM, WiFi have been of great use in various sectors including industries which are dealing with the energy automation products. The wireless technologies give great flexibility in the operation and control of devices across a certain range depending on the technology that is being used. Addition of wireless technologies can help in serviceability and maintainability of the devices when installed in remote stations. It is significant to evaluate the GSM and WiFi technology and to recommend its applicability with respect to the Industrial Applications.

Keywords: Motor control, WiFi, GSM.



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INTRODUCTION

A motor controller might include a manual or automatic means for starting and stopping the motor, forward or reverse direction, selecting and regulating the speed, regulating or limiting the torque, and protect against overloads and faults. Small motors may have built-in overload devices to automate open circuit on overload. Larger motors have a protective overload relay or temperature sensing relay including in the controller and fuses or circuit breaker for over current protection. A motor controller is connected to a power source such as a battery (dc) or power supply, and control circuitry in the form of analog or digital input signals.

Switchgears are important electronic components that perform a wide range of functions. They distribute the power, provide protection and monitor, control and regulate, make connections for communication processes. Switchgear is also used to enhance system availability by allowing more than one source to feed a load. Switchgear incorporates switches, circuit breakers, disconnects and fuses used to route the power and in the case of a fault, isolate parts of an electric circuit. The switchgear unit of the motor starter has three functions for protecting the motor. The first function is switching of the motor during operation, and is performed by dedicated standard unit, usually a called contactor. The contactor is designed to repeatedly switch high currents on-off, during the operation. Furthermore, in a switchgear unit, the functions of short circuit protection and the overload protection are integrated in one standard unit referred to power breaker. The power breaker separates the load from the power supply system when a short circuit happens and also when the currents are too high. The two standard units are arranged next to one another on a common carrier and form the switchgear unit. The project deals with replacing the contactor used for switching by a wireless electronic circuit called the motor control unit.

II. WIFI TECHNOLOGY

Wi-Fi (/ WiFi) is a local area wireless technology that allows electronic devices to participate in computer network using 2.4 GHz UHF and 5 GHz SHF ISM radio bands.

The Wi-Fi Alliance defines Wi-Fi as any "wireless local area network" (WLAN) product based on the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers' (IEEE) 802.11 standards". However, the term "Wi-Fi" is used in general English as "WLAN" since most modern WLANs are based on the same standards. "Wi-Fi" is a trademark of the Wi-Fi Alliance. Many devices can use Wi-Fi, e.g. personal computers, video-game consoles, smart-phones, tablet computers and digital audio players. As the global market trend is growing with the need of fast data transfer and fast real time responses, it is significant to evaluate and develop Wi-Fi with most optimization and which

can sustain a good life span grow day by day, it is significant to evaluate Wi-Fi for controlling of appliances specially in industrial domain along with other protocols of Wi-Fi. The speed and Wi-Fi network difference factors like freq, bandwidth. Generally Wi-Fi is designed for the medium ranges data transfers i.e. 100 to 300 feet in indoor.

III. GSM TECHNOLOGY

GSM (Global System for Mobile) is a digital mobile telephone system that is widely used all over. GSM uses the variation of Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA). GSM digitizes and compresses the data, then sends it to the channel with two other stream of user data each in the own time slot. It operates at either 900MHz or 1800MHz frequency Band.

The two parts of the mobile state allow a distinct difference between the actual equipment and the subscriber who will be using it. The IMSI identifies the subscriber within the GSM network while the MS ISDN is the actual telephone number a caller (possibly in another network) uses to reach that person.

IV. APPLICATION WORKING/METHOD USED

Generally switchgears are designed to operate the switch manually. However in order to achieve automated operation locally or through remote, motorized mechanism is implemented.

One of the methods to implement motorized mechanism of three position switch is by using motor control unit.

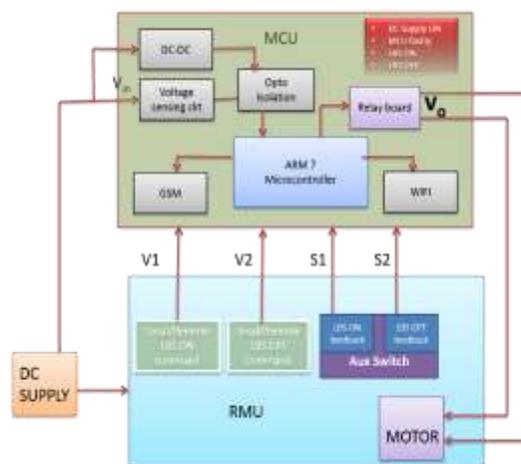


Fig 1: Block diagram of entire unit

Where V1 and V2 are the load break switch on and off commands respectively, S1 and S2 are the feedback commands from the auxiliary switch.



Experimental setup

S.no	V1	V2	S1	S2	direction
1	1	0	0	1	reverse
2	1	0	1	0	Reverse with delay
3	0	1	1	0	Forward
4	0	1	0	1	Forward with delay

Table 1: Commands for motor direction control

GSM: GSM measurements quantify the: 1) Ramp energy: energy required to switch to the high-power state, 2) Transmission energy, and 3) Tail energy: energy spent in high-power state after the completion of the transfer. We conduct measurements for data transfers of different sizes (1 to 1000 KB) with varying intervals (1 to 20 seconds) between successive transfers.

WiFi: WiFi measurements quantify the energy: 1) to scan and associate to an access point and 2) to transfer data.

V. GRAPHS AND SIMULATION

- Motor control measurements

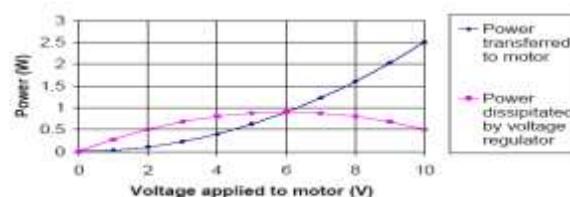


Fig 2: Power transfer characteristics of voltage controlled motor controller.

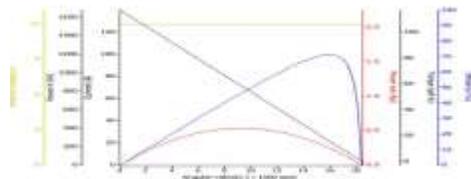


Fig 3: Motor performance graph –voltage, power, torque ,efficiency

- GSM Measurements

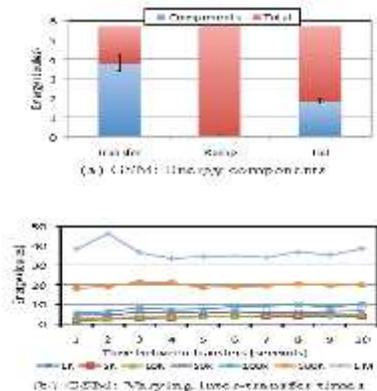


Figure 4: (a) Avg. ramp, transfer and tail energy consumed to download 50K data. The lower portion of the stacked column show the proportion of energy spent on each activity compared to the total energy. (b) Avg energy consumed for downloading data of different sizes against the inter transfer time.

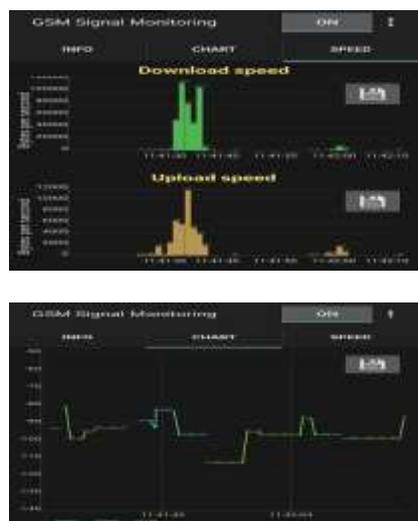
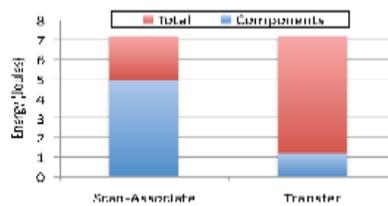
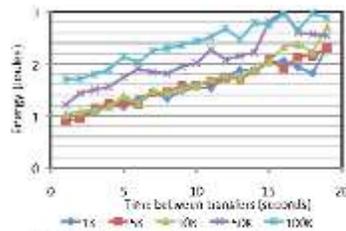


Figure 5: (a) GSM signal monitoring upload and download speeds. (b) GSM signal strength

- WiFi Measurements



(a) WiFi: Energy components



(b) WiFi: Varying inter-transfer time

Figure 6: (a) Avg scan/associate and transfer energy consumed to download 50 K data. The lower portion of the stacked columns show the proportion of energy spent on each activity compared to the total energy. (b) Avg energy consumed for downloading data of different sizes against the inter transfer time.



Figure 7: (a) wifi signal monitoring upload and download speeds. (b) wifi signal strength

VI. CONCLUSION

The paper was focused on the study of motor control using GSM and Wifi technology for replacement of contactor in the switchgear in the industrial power distribution panels using wireless transmission of the data for the maintenance and servicing by reliable data updates with the help of spectrums and its comparison with the simulated model.

The paper also proves that Gsm and Wi-Fi hence can be used specifically for replacing the wired cable transmission with wireless approach. Gsm and Wi-Fi technology helps to eliminate wired links thereby avoiding chaos determining the signal strength up and download speed and helps in establishing wireless links for data transmission. All these features make the technology, market attractive and future proof which makes it inevitable for any vendor to implement the technology in their industrial panels

The GSM and Wi-Fi communication between 2 devices was successfully established and both the devices were able to respond each other to the messages via its respectable wireless Links.

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